

# Implementation of Axiomatic Language

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# Some Questions

- Is axiomatic language interesting? Novel? Significant?
- Is this “automatic programming” problem solvable?
- Can the meaning of programs be recognized given pre-stored knowledge?
- Can a manageable quantity of knowledge successfully transform most programs?
- Are large-scale unfold/fold proofs possible?

# Axiomatic Language

- Goals
  - Pure specification language
  - Minimal, but extensible
  - Meta-language – imitate other languages
- Idea: Program specified by static infinite set of symbolic expressions that enumerate inputs and corresponding outputs.
- Description:
  - pure, definite Prolog with Lisp syntax
  - HiLog higher-order generalization
  - “string variables”

# Informal Overview

Prolog predicate in axiomatic language:

```
father(bob,X) -> (father Bob %x)
```

“Axioms” for natural numbers and their addition:

```
(number 0).
```

```
(number (s %n))< (number %n).
```

→ generated “valid expressions”: (number 0), (number (s (s 0)))

```
(plus % 0 %)< (number %).
```

```
(plus %1 (s %2) (s %3))< (plus %1 %2 %3).
```

→ (plus (s 0) (s 0) (s (s 0)))

“String variables”:

```
(member % ($1 % $2)). → (member c (a b c d))
```

```
(concat ($1) ($2) ($1 $2)) → (concat (a b) (c) (a b c))
```

```
(reverse () ()).
```

```
(reverse (% $) ($rev %))< (reverse ($) ($rev)).
```

→ (reverse (u v) (v u))

# The Core Language

Finite set of axioms generates infinite set of valid expressions.

an **expression**:

an **atom** – primitive, indivisible element,

an **expression variable**,

or a **sequence** of zero or more expressions and **string variables**.

syntax:

atoms: `abc, `+

expression variables: %1, %n

string variables: \$xyz, \$

sequences: (), (`M (%x \$2))

# The Core Language (cont.)

**axiom** – a **conclusion** expression and zero or more **condition** exprs:

$\langle \text{conclu} \rangle < \langle \text{cond1} \rangle, \dots, \langle \text{condn} \rangle.$

$\langle \text{conclu} \rangle.$  ! unconditional axiom

**axiom instance** - substitute values for expression and string variables

– arbitrary expression for an expression variable

– string of expressions and string variables for a string variable

$(\text{`a } \%x \$1) < (\text{`b } \$1 \%x).$

$\rightarrow (\text{`a `c } (\$) \text{`d}) < (\text{`b } (\$) \text{`d `c}).$

**valid expression** – conclusion of axiom instance is valid expression

if all conditions are valid expressions

$(\text{`a `b}).$

$((\%) \$ \$) < (\% \$).$

$\rightarrow (\text{`a `b}), ((\text{`a}) \text{`b `b}), (((\text{`a})) \text{`b `b `b `b}), \dots$

# Syntax Extensions

characters & strings:

'A' = ( `char ( `0 `1 `0 `0 `0 `0 `0 `1 ) )

( ... 'abc' ... ) = ( ... 'a' 'b' 'c' ... )

"abc" = ( 'abc' ) = ( 'a' 'b' 'c' )

symbols:

abc = ( ` "abc" )

# Specification by Enumeration

Axioms generate expressions for all inputs and corresponding outputs:

```
(Program <input> <output>)
```

Sorting example:

```
(Program ("horse" "dog" "cat") ! input file  
        ("cat" "dog" "horse")) ! output
```

Interactive program:

```
(Program <out> <in> <out> ... <in> <out>)
```

-- generate for each possible execution history



# Beauty of Axiomatic Language

- Pure specification – what declarative programming should be
- Smaller code size, more readable, more reusable
- Minimal to the extreme
- Simple, clear semantics
- No ugly non-logical features
- No awkward non-declarative input/output
- Higher-order power + Lisp syntax
- Able to subsume other languages
- Has the beauty of Lisp (and FP in general)
- String variables
- Explicit approximate arithmetic
- Long-term stability

# A Transformation System

- Large knowledge base of functions and specification patterns
- System attempts to “understand” user’s specification
- Pre-defined algorithm for problem is then output
- Steps are supported by pre-defined unfold/fold proofs

## Transformation Example

(T () H).  
(B (L %a) (L %b))< (B %a %b). (P A "0123456789").  
(C (L %a))< (C %a). (F (%a)).  
(J () () ()). (W %a ()).  
(B H %a)< (C %a). (F ()).  
(C H). (M %a H H)< (C %a).  
(U %a H %a)< (C %a). (K () ()).  
(R %a \$a)< (W () (\$a)). (E (%a) %b)< (Q A %a %b).  
(J (\$a (\$b)) (\$c %a) (\$d (\$b %a)))< (J (\$a) (\$c) (\$d)).  
(U %a (L %b) (L %c))< (U %a %b %c).  
(W %a (%a \$a))< (W %a (\$a)).  
(Program %a %b)< (K %a %b), (R E %b %c), (F %c).  
(T (%a \$a) (L %b))< (T (\$a) %b).  
(F (%a %b \$a))< (B %a %b), (F (%b \$a)).  
(Q %a %b %c)< (P %a (\$a %b \$b)), (T (\$a) %c).  
(M %a (L %b) %c)< (M %a %b %d), (U %a %c %d).  
(E (\$a %a) %b)< (E (\$a) %c), (Q A %a %d),  
    (M %c (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L H))))))))) %e),  
    (U %e %d %b).  
(R %a \$a)< (R %a \$b), (%a \$c), (J (\$b) (\$c) (\$a)).  
(K (\$a %a \$b) (\$c %b \$d))< (K (\$a \$b) (\$c \$d)).

# Transformation Example (cont.)

(Program %a %b) < (K %a %b), (R %b %c), (F %c).

(E (\$a %a) %b) < (E (\$a) %c), (Q A %a %d),  
 (M %c (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L (L H))))))))) %e),  
 (U %e %d %b).

(E (%a) %b) < (Q A %a %b). (Q %a %b %c) < (P %a (\$a %b \$b)),  
 (T (\$a) %c).

(F (%a %b \$a)) < (B %a %b), (F (%b \$a)).

(F (%a)).

(F ()).

(B (L %a) (L %b)) < (B %a %b).

(B H %a) < (C %a).

(M %a (L %b) %c) < (M %a %b %d),

(U %a %c %d).

(M %a H H) < (C %a).

(R %a \$a) < (R %a \$b), (%a \$c),

(J (\$b) (\$c) (\$a)).

(R %a \$a) < (W () (\$a)).

(K (\$a %a \$b) (\$c %b \$d)) <

(K (\$a \$b) (\$c \$d)).

(K () ()).

(U %a (L %b) (L %c)) < (U %a %b %c).

(U %a H %a) < (C %a).

(J (\$a (\$b)) (\$c %a) (\$d (\$b %a))) <

(J (\$a) (\$c) (\$d)).

(T (%a \$a) (L %b)) < (T (\$a) %b).

(T () H).

(J () () ()).

(C (L %a)) < (C %a).

(C H).

(W %a (%a \$a)) < (W %a (\$a)).

(W %a ()).

(P A "0123456789").

# Transformation Example (cont.)

(Program %a %b) < (K %a %b), (R %b %c), (F %c).

(E (\$a %a) %b) < (E (\$a) %c), (Q A %a %d),  
 (M %c (s (s (s (s (s (s (s (s (s 0))))))))) %e),  
 (U %e %d %b).

(E (%a) %b) < (Q A %a %b). (Q %a %b %c) < (P %a (\$a %b \$b)),  
 (T (\$a) %c).

(F (%a %b \$a)) < (B %a %b), (F (%b \$a)).

(F (%a)).

(F ()).

(R %a \$a) < (R %a \$b), (%a \$c),

(J (\$b) (\$c) (\$a)).

(R %a \$a) < (W () (\$a)).

(B (s %a) (s %b)) < (B %a %b).

(B 0 n) < (number n) .

(M %a (s %b) %c) < (M %a %b %d),

(U %a %c %d).

(M %n 0 0) < (number %n).

(K (\$a %a \$b) (\$c %b \$d)) <

(K (\$a \$b) (\$c \$d)).

(K () ()).

(U %a (s %b) (s %c)) < (U %a %b %c).

(U %n 0 %n) < (number %n).

(J (\$a (\$b)) (\$c %a) (\$d (\$b %a))) <

(J (\$a) (\$c) (\$d)).

(T (%a \$a) (s %b)) < (T (\$a) %b).

(J () () ()).

(T () 0).

(number n)

H = 0, L = s

(W %a (%a \$a)) < (W %a (\$a)).

(W %a ()).

(P A "0123456789").

# Transformation Example (cont.)

(Program %a %b) < (K %a %b), (R E %b %c), (F %c).

(E (\$a %a) %b) < (E (\$a) %c), (Q A %a %d),  
 (M %c <10> %e),  
 (U %e %d %b).

(E (%a) %b) < (Q A %a %b).

(F (%a %b \$a)) < (B %a %b), (F (%b \$a)).

(F (%a)).

(F ()).

(B (s %a) (s %b)) < (B %a %b).

(B 0 %n) < (number %n).

(M %a (s %b) %c) < (M %a %b %d),

(U %a %c %d).

(M %n 0 0) < (number %n).

(U %a (s %b) (s %c)) < (U %a %b %c).

(U %n 0 %n) < (number %n).

(length seq len)

(number n)

(P A "0123456789").

(Q %a %b %c) < (P %a (\$a %b \$b)),  
 (length (\$a) %c).

(R %a \$a) < (R %a \$b), (%a \$c),

(J (\$b) (\$c) (\$a)).

(R %a \$a) < (W () (\$a)).

(K (\$a %a \$b) (\$c %b \$d)) <

(K (\$a \$b) (\$c \$d)).

(K () ()).

(J (\$a (\$b)) (\$c %a) (\$d (\$b %a))) <

(J (\$a) (\$c) (\$d)).

(J () () ()).

(W %a (%a \$a)) < (W %a (\$a)).

(W %a ()).

## Transformation Example (cont.)

(Program <file\_of\_dec\_nums> <sorted\_file>)

(digs->num *decstr num*)

(elem->num *digit dig num*)

(ordered\_num *num\_seq*)

(map rel ..argseqs..)

(<= a b)

(perm *seq seq'*)

(times *a b a\*b*)

(plus *a b a+b*)

(distr *seqs seq seqs+seq*)

(length *seq len*)

(number *n*)

(seq\_of *expr seq-of-expr*)

(set digit "0123456789")

*Done!*

# Transformation Summary

- My assumptions:
  - Recognition of functions possible given pre-stored knowledge
  - Efficient algorithm exists to recognize these input axiom patterns
  - Pre-stored efficient implementation algorithm can be provided once specification is “understood”
  - Unfold/fold proofs can guarantee equivalence of generated implementation
  - When input axioms cannot be “understood”, expert can add knowledge and proofs
    - No productivity benefit – faster for user to write efficient program
    - Some software engineering benefit – separation of specification & implementation and proof of correctness
- Long-term optimism:
  - Specification pattern knowledge can be generalized
  - Less expert intervention needed over time
  - Eventually system will handle typical programs automatically